#### **DARPA Focus 2000**

## **Computing in the Bio-Substrate**

Harley McAdams, Stanford mcadams@cmgm.stanford.edu

Tom Knight, MIT tk@ai.mit.edu

David O'Reilly, Iconix oreilly@onebox.com

## Computing in the Bio-Substrate

- Custom control circuits in living cells
  - Switches and switching networks
  - Biosensors and biocontrol circuits
  - Design methodologies
  - Robustness and reliability
  - Simulation tools and methodologies
- Hybrid bio-electronic circuits and sensors
  - Cells on chips
  - Electronic I/O to biological substrates
- Self-assembly
  - Ordered nano-structures
  - DNA computation

### **Opportunities**

#### Microbiological bio-sensors

- Capable of sensing external biological molecules and other signals
- Custom logic for modulating responses
- Conditional genetic response
- Real-time or delayed read-out
- Integrated biological/silicon sensors (biomicroelectronics)
- Potential for multicellular collaborative sensors

# Potential new class of sensors with molecular-level specificity and sensitivity

- Lightweight deployable
- Low-cost
- Programmable

## **Naturally occurring Sensors and Actuators**

#### Sensors

- Light (various colors)
- pH
- Molecules
  - autoinducers
  - H2S
  - Maltose
  - Serine
  - Ribose
  - cAMP
  - NO
- Internal State
  - Cell cycle
  - Heat shock
- Chemical & ionic potentials
- Magnetic & electric fields

#### Responses

- Motility
  - flagellar activity
  - gliding motion
- Light (various colors)
- Fluorescence
- Small molecule excretion
- Membrane transport
- Sporulation
- Cell cycle progression
- Exported proteins
  - enzymes/toxins
  - extracellular matrix
- Cell death

### **Opportunities**

Innovative design and modeling tools for designing custom biological circuits and analysis of naturally occurring circuits

 Next generation of BioSpice (mixed mode, stochastic and deterministic models, hierarchical models)

**Barrier to progress in several areas** 

### **Opportunities**

Programmable, self-assembling, high-precision (± 0.5 nm) 2D and 3D periodic and aperiodic crystalline structures from branched DNA molecules with <10 nm feature sizes

- Macromolecular crystallization for structure determination
- Templates for nanoelectronics
- Nano-manufacturing substrate

Enabler for self assembled molecular structures needed for a next generation electronics